## Isaiah: The Fifth Gospel — Week 4: "Second" Isaiah (40–55)

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## Summary/Overview

- Isaiah 1–35 Warnings and promises of restoration
- Isaiah 36–39: Hezekiah: Salvation AND exile
- (exile happens)
- Isaiah 40–55 (links to 35 and 39) End of exile is coming soon! New Exodus! YHWH will do what he promised! Hopeful conclusion
- Isaiah 56–66 If the "New Exodus" meant only return from exile, it was disappointing. Thus, future deliverance is necessary (fully "eschatologized"). "Universalizing": deliverance is for all nations!

## Isaiah 40-55

- Despite the exile, YHWH is still God (not Marduk)! He is returning to save his people! 40:9–11; 52:7, "good-news-messenger" (LXX: *euangelizomenos*)
- YHWH is the one who creates (*bārā*') and forms/fashions (*yāşar*):
  - The heavens and earth and everything in them
  - Human beings, his images (cf. Gen 1, Gen 2), for flourishing as they give glory to Him
  - Events, i.e., the course of history
  - His particular people (Israel/Jacob, The Servant) for roles
  - Creates "new thing": New Exodus, water and smooth way in the wilderness for the people to return

- Idol polemics 40:18-20; 41:6-7; 41:21-29; 42:17; 44:9-20; 46:1-7
  - YHWH is superior to other gods and their idols, who cannot "help" (41:6-7) or "save" (43:11-13; 44:17, 20; 45:20; 46:4, 7)
  - YHWH contrasted with idol-makers, also.
    YHWH gives breath and spirit to people (42:5); people have become unresponsive like the images they fabricate/worship (42:16–20; 43:8–9), who know nothing (44:18–20)
- Feminine personification: Daughter Zion, wife of YHWH, mother of the people. The poets of Lamentations repeatedly ask of Daughter Zion, "Who can console (*niḥam*) you?" (Lam 1:2, 9, 16, 17, 21; 2:13; cf. Isa 51:19). Isaiah 40-55 insists that God is the consoler (*m<sup>e</sup>naḥēm*) of Israel (Isa 40:1, 49:13, 51:3, 12; 52:9; 54:11).
- Masculine personification: The Servant
  - Auditioning for the role: Israel/Jacob, the nations, the prophet—or someone else?
  - Israel/Jacob? 41:8-10; 42:19-20 (rebellious, deaf and blind!); 43:8-10; 48:20; 49:1-7;
  - o Cyrus! 45:4
  - Prophet? 50:4–11
  - Future someone else? 42:1-4; 44:1-2; 44:21-26;
  - Suffering Servant! 52:13-53:12

## Marriage Metaphor and the Rhetoric of Secure (Re)attachment

- Relationship of YHWH and Zion figured as a marriage: Isaiah 49:14–26; 50:1–3; 51:17–52:3; 54. Parallel in Lam
- Negotiation, game theory, BATNAs, sunk costs, doubling-down
- Isaiah 40–48, particularly 40–41, acknowledges the need for YHWH to "speak to the heart of Jerusalem" (40:2).<sup>1</sup>
  - YHWH takes first step toward reestablishment of trust. Admission of some fault on the part of the more-aggrieved party (YHWH), in order to allow the more-guilty party "permission" to own up to their faults (40:2; 42:22–25; 52:7–8; 54:7–10).
  - $\circ$   $\;$  Despite what Zion has believed, YHWH is in control and doesn't think their relationship is over.
  - YHWH will redeem Zion (43:3–6; 45:13; 52:3); those who abused Zion will be reckoned with (45:14; 47:1–15).
- The prophet: mediator between YHWH and Zion
  - To Daughter Zion: don't foreclose the possibility of reattachment (40:27; 49:14)
  - It might seem easier to Daughter Zion to accept the end of her relationship with YHWH, cut her losses, attribute her exile to YHWH's rejection, impotence or non-existence, and accept the worship of Marduk.
  - In the face of this temptation, the prophet urges Zion instead to double-down on her relationship to YHWH, in response to YHWH's *rapprochement*.
- Isaiah 40–55 begins and concludes with *hesed*: more than simple faithfulness to an obligation; includes attachment. Human *hesed* is not reliable (40:6); YHWH's *hesed* in 54:8, 10 and 55:3 is abiding

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Often of a man speaking to the heart of a woman: Gen. 34:3; 50:21; Judg. 19:3; 1 Sam. 1:13; Is. 40:2; Hos. 2:16; Ruth 2:13; but in 2 Sam. 19:8, to servants

Lamentations	Isaiah 40–55
2:10 The elders of daughter Zion sit on the ground	47:1 Come down and sit in the <b>dust</b> , virgin daughter
in silence; they have thrown <b>dust</b> on their heads	Babylon! Sit on the <b>ground</b> without a throne,
and put on <b>sackcloth</b> ; the young girls of Jerusalem	daughter Chaldea! For you shall no more be called
have bowed their heads to the <b>ground</b> .	tender and delicate.
	47:5 <b>Sit</b> in silence, and go into darkness, daughter
	Chaldea! For you shall no more be called the
	mistress of kingdoms.
1:8b All who honored her despise her, for they have	47:2 Take the millstones and grind meal, remove
seen her <b>nakedness</b> .	your <b>veil</b> , strip off your <b>robe</b> , <b>uncover</b> your legs,
	pass through the rivers.
	47:3 Your <b>nakedness</b> shall be uncovered, and your
	shame shall be seen. I will take vengeance, and I will
	spare no one.
5:20 Why have you forgotten ( <i>shakhach</i> ) us	49:14 But Zion said, "The LORD has forsaken (` <i>azav</i> )
completely? Why have you forsaken (`azav) us these	me, my Lord has forgotten ( <i>shakhach</i> ) me."
many days?	
2:20b Should women eat their offspring, the	49:15 Can a woman forget her nursing child, or
children they have borne?	show no compassion for the child of her womb?
	Even these may forget, yet I will not forget you.
1:1ab How lonely sits the city that once was full of	49:21 Then you will say in your heart, "Who has
people! How like a widow she has become, she that	borne me these? I was bereaved and barren, exiled
was great among the nations!	and put away so who has reared these? I was left
	all alone where then have these come from?"
3:25 The LORD is good to those who wait (qawah)	49:23b Then you will know that I am the LORD;
for him, to the soul that seeks him	those who wait ( <i>qawah</i> ) for me shall not be put to
	shame.
3:58 You have taken up my cause ( <i>riv</i> ) O Lord, you	49:25b For I will contend ( <i>riv</i> ) with those who
have redeemed ( <i>ga'al</i> ) my life.	contend ( <i>riv</i> ) with you, and I will save your children.
	49:26b Then all flesh shall know that I am the LORD
	your Savior, and your Redeemer ( <i>ga'al</i> ), the Mighty
	One of Jacob.
4:10 The hands of compassionate women have	49:26a I will make your oppressors eat their own
boiled their own children; they became their food in	flesh, and they shall be drunk with their own blood
the destruction of my people.	as with wine.
1:8b All who honored her despise her, for they have	52:1a Awake, awake, put on your strength, O Zion!
seen her <b>nakedness</b> .	Put on your beautiful <b>garments</b> , O Jerusalem, the
1:9a Her uncleanness was in her <b>skirts</b> ; she took no	holy ( <i>qodesh</i> ) city.
thought of her future;	
1:10 Enemies have stretched out their hands over	52:1b For the uncircumcised and the unclean shall
all her precious things; she has even seen the	enter (bo') you no more.
nations invade ( <i>bo'</i> ) her sanctuary ( <i>miqdash</i> ), those	
whom you forbade to <b>enter</b> ( <i>bo</i> ') your congregation.	
2:10 The elders of daughter Zion sit on the ground	52:2a Shake yourself from the <b>dust</b> , rise up, O
in silence; they have thrown <b>dust</b> on their heads	captive Jerusalem.
and put on sackcloth; the young girls of Jerusalem	
have bowed their heads to the <b>ground</b> .	
3:28-29 [It is good] to <b>sit</b> alone in silence when the	
Lord has imposed it, to put one's mouth to the <b>dust</b>	
(there may yet be hope),	
1:14 My transgressions were <b>bound</b> into a yoke; by	52:2b Loose the <b>bonds</b> from your <b>neck</b> , 0 captive
his hand they were fastened together; they weigh on	daughter Zion!
my <b>neck</b> , sapping my strength; the Lord handed me	
over to those whom I cannot withstand.	
f. <u>Willey 1997; Giffone 2012</u>	

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